LEWIS JONES, Pink Hill P. O., Lenoircounty. DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

> FOR PRESIDENT, GEN. FRANKLIN PIERCE, Of New Hampshire. FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

HON. WM. R. KING. Of Alabama. PRESIDENTIAL ELECTOR FOR THE 7TH DISTRICT,

SAMUEL J. PERSON. of New Hanover County.

"No North, no South, no East, no West, under the Constitution; but a sacred maintenance of the common bond and true devotion to the common bretherhood.' FRANKLIN PIERCE

ONE VOTE .- Two Senatorial districts in this State went by one vote at the late election. A Whig was elected in Beaufort and Hyde by one vote, and a Democrat in Camden and Currituck, in the same way. The Democrats have the Legislature on joint ballot by two majority. The change of one vote would make it a tie-the change of two votes would give it to the Whigs. The importance of every vote will thus be seen, and the necessity of exertion on the part of all good Democrats, lest by their neglect most important political advantages should be lost.

Arrivals from Europe. On the 31st ult., the steamer America arrived at Halifax from Liverpool, and on the 1st. inst. the steamer Washington at New York, from Southampton and Bremen. The dates by the Washington are to the 18th ult., those by the America to the 21st ult. The overland India mail reached London on the 15th ult., with Hong Kong dates of June 23d and Calcutta of July 3d. It was thought that the whole of Burmah would be annexed to the British Fast Indies. The Burmese Empire is considerably larger than Great Britain and Ireland.

The steamer Magdalena has arrived at South ampton from the West Indies, with a million dollars in gold on board.

News from Australia up to the middle of May, states that the yield of gold was immense,-far exceeding California. The total amount of gold received in England from Australia, during the last twelve months, will reach twenty millions of dollars. The steamer Great Britain sailed from Liverpool on the 21st Aug., for Australia, with a cargo valued at nearly a million of pounds, and a vast number of passengers.

A new steamer was building at Dumbarton for the Cunard company, of 3,000 tons, and 50 feet longer than the Great Britain. She was calculated to cost half a million of dollars.

The English ministerial journals announce with perfect confidence, the termination of the fishery dispute, on terms of perfect reciprocity, so far as fishing is concerned; the Americans having the right to fish in British waters, and the British in American waters, within three miles of the shore,-the distance to be measured to the nearest shore, without distinction between bay or open sea. The Irish potato crop was improving The Coroner's jury on the bodies of those shot in the election riot at Six Mile Bridge, in Ireland, had returned a verdict of wilful murder against John C. Delmadge, a Justice of the Peace, and eight soldiers of the 31st Regiment.

G. P. R. James, the novelist, has been appointed British Consul at Norfolk, Va.

The news from France is not important. The Pre i lent was sick, and the marriage with the Princess Wasa, had been broken off.

with two millions and a half in gold, from California. The Coinage at the Philadelphia Mint during the month of August amounted to \$4,246,885, of which \$4,285,378 was in gold.

New York on Friday, Aug. 28th, the Hunker portion of the Democrats were generally successful. Severe Storm-Loss of Life.

We learn from the Mobile papers that that city and coast was visited with a severe storm on the 26th ult. The waters had covered the whole of the lower part of the city as far as Dauphin-street, and very heavy Gen. Scott to the people of North Carolina, hy stalosses were sustained by the merchants on Front, ting that he was in favor of the compromise meas-Commerce, Water and other streets, in that section. The Tribune of Sunday says:

We have made a proximate estimate of the loss by the flood, and, allowing \$100,000 for the loss of the Scott's declarations in favor of the compromise did wharves, a half million will be more than sufficient to not include the measure to which his abolition friends cover the whole damage. This is sertainly a vast and allies were opposed. The Pennsylvania State amount, but sometimes within a week as much has Convention which nominated General Scott acquies-

The Advertiser of Sunday contains the following: came up to the city last evening, that five smacks, with their crews, were lost between Dog River and Dauphin Island, during the late gale. The number of lives lost with them is suppossed to be from fifteen to twenty. Oregon on her last trip from New-Orleans execution of the fugitive slave law was the cause of are being fed than usual, and in many sections an inhitherto, left a family of six persons (on Tuesday night) on the wharf at Pascagoula. They were passengers from New-Orleans to that place. Before they had time to leave the wharf it was swept away and all of them were drowned. We shall probably learn, to-day, the name of this unfortunate family.

17-The late freshet at the South appears to have been protty general. We learn from the Gheraw whigs, and caused the desire to run a Webster tick- ana, at 3 and 31 cents, gross Several thousand have questioned his courage. C. M. Clay, who knew him over night, spoke to the men about their carts and Gazette of the 31st ult., that the crops on the low et. He knew that in the very crisis of the formation been engaged by Madison packers, for the next sea- well, endorses that and his soldier-like conduct. But horses, and, resolving to begin very early in the lands of the Pee Dee river had been seriously damaged in consequence of the overflow.

The Georgetown, S. C., Winyah Observer of the 1st inst., speaking of the freshet, says :-

"This mighty rush of water must soon be upon our planters on the Santee. "The news reached this place by the steamer from Charleston on Monday, and we understand that the planters high up on the Santee commenced at once to harvest their crops with the view of saving as much as possible before the water came down upon them. The rice crop on that river is all of it nearly ready for the hook, and the damage will be most griev-

Pee Dee, but the extent of it, we do not know." The Charleston Evening News learns from a reliable source that the rise in the river at Cheraw was effort to prove that Gen. Scott was a supporter of all quently there is no danger to our Pee Dee friends.

ous to such planters as reside within range of this

Wayne Agricultural Society. The Agricultural Society of Wayne County, pursuant to adjournment, met in the Court-house, on Saturday, the 28th August, Maj. George W. Collier represent him to the people withholding, for selfish and never amended since. The charge contradicted President, in the chair, and Mr. Wm. Robinson, Sec-

Among the resolutions adopted were the follow-Resolved, That the Agricultural Society of Wayne County approve of the proposed Convention, to be held in the city of Raleigh, in October next, for the purpose of organizing a State Agricultural Society, and that we recommend the subject to the favorable consideration of other Agricultural Societies, and the public generally, and that the President and Vice Presidents appoint a suitable number of delegates from this Society, to attend said Convention.

Resolved, That the Society do hereby adopt the New Era, an Agricultural paper published in the town of Goldsboro', as the organ of this Society.

WILMINGTON, N. C., August 24th, 1852. DEAR SIR :- We have been appointed a committee on behalf of the citizens of this county, to tender the 4th day of September next.

Your fellow-citizens of New Hanover, (a portion of your old Congressional district,) are anxious to second office in the world; but they are much more desirous of making some public manifestation of their and independent of all sectional prejudices. desirous of making some public manifestation of their personal regard for, and high appreciation of, the great services rendered to the country by their former representative in Congress.

We have learned, sir, that you have consented to be present at a Democratic Mass Meeting at Goldsboro', on the 2nd and 3rd of September, and we trust | lutions : that you will find it convenient and agreeable to extend your visit to Wilmington, and thus gratify the wishes of many of your old friends and acquaintances, and of the citizens of this entire section of the

> We have the honor to be, very respectfully, your ob't serv'ts, ROB'T STRANGE, Jr., H. L. HOLMES, W. C. BETTENCOURT,

JAMES FULTON, GASTON MEARES, DANIEL DICKSON.

Hon. WILLIAM R. KING, U. S. Senate.

SENATE CHAMBER, Sept. 1st. 1852. Gentlemen :- I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your invitation in behalf of my fellow citizens of New Hanover, to partake of a public dinner at Wilmington, on the 4th of this month.

I should be truly gratified to meet at the festive poard, those friends in my old Congressional District, from whose fathers I received in the commencement of my political career, such a zealous are yet sound, conservative, and honest and unwavering support.

To the citizens of the Wilmington District, I can truly say, I am principally indebted for whatever of reputation I may have acquired in the public service: for when I was but a mere boy in years, they representing them in the Congress of the United States, and thus led the way to my subsequent em. and for the furtherance of the object which we have in ployment in other situations.

The evidence now afforded that I still retain their confidence and personal regard, after being separated from them for so many years, will be treasured by me in grateful remembrance so long as life shall last; and it is with deep regret that I find myself cline their flattering invitation. I am completely worn down by the confinement to which I have been subjected for so many months, and I find it necessary for the present, to avoid all exposure or excitement, at least for some weeks, and I shall therefore visit some watering place on the coast, where rest and sea-bathing will, I trust, soon restore me.

Be pleased, gentlemen, to make known to my fellow citizens of New Hanover, the reasons which will at this time prevent me from accepting their

For the complimentary terms in which you have whom you act, I beg you to accept my sincere

WILLIAM R. KING. Robert Strange, Jr., H. L. Holmes, W. C. Bettencourt, James Fulton, Gaston Mearcs, Daniel Dick-

son, Committee. From the Washington Union.

Mr. Graham's Letter. candidate for the Vice Presidency to the editor of the Wilmington Commercial, in which he expresses his dissatisfaction with the Webster movement, and Wilmington Commercial can hardly fail to call forth supporting him for the Presidency. severe censure. The nomination of General Scott ranks, and has given rise to a desire, in many quar-At the Primary Democratic Elections held in ters, to form a new ticket. The Wilmington Comnot forbid it. Had he done no more than that, no Robert H. Cowan was added. one would have criticised his conduct. But he has taken advantage of the opportunity to commend ures when they were passed. That assertion has day of October next, unless called sooner by notice. been made by other persons. who have reported private conversations with General Scott, and it has been met and exposed by the fact that General ced in the compromise, but refused to acquiesce in the fugitive slave law, and excluded it from the list We learn by the captain of a fishing smack, who of compromise measures. Up to a very recent date,

Pennsylvania Whig Convention. Mr. Graham scarcity together. knew these facts. He well knew also that the slave law, and to break down the administration .- they do upon their children. Throughout many sec- follows of the latter : He knew that the fugitive slave law was the meas- tions of the South the planters are making strong enure of the compromise series in which the South was deavors to "grow their own meat" letter must be regarded as a most disreputable eva- ent prices. cy are to become active canvassers in favor of their season. tickets, then they should speak frankly to the people, and not rely on such equivocal and deceptive lamentable freshet. There is also quite a rise in language as Mr. Graham has employed to reconcile the people of the South to Gen. Scott's nomination. After what has passed, we think that any successful Esq., of Cooperstown, N. Y : the measures of the compromise would place him in a most unenviable attitude, and convict him of conduct which cannot be justified. It would make him as going into the enemy's camp, and, for personal

is cold, selfish, heartless treason to his principles. CALLED Session of the Legislature.—Ine Governor this Society, to attend said Convention.

Resolved, That the Society do hereby adopt the New Era, an Agricultural paper published in the town of Goldsboro', as the organ of this Society.

A damsel in Ayrshire, having two lovers, and not knowing which to prefer, settled the matter by marknowing which to prefer, settled the matter by marknowing with the other.

CALLED Session of the Legislature.—Ine Governor has issued a proclamation "notifying and requiring the Senators and members of the House of Commons elect of the General Assembly of North a large hotel, to be built of white marble, and to Carolina, to meet in session at the Capitol in the Cost about \$500 000. It will front on Madison Square and fill up the space between the 5th and tober next."

CALLED Session of the Legislature.—Ine Governor has issued a proclamation "notifying and requiring the Senators and members of the House of New York Hotel, is arranging for the construction of a large hotel, to be built of white marble, and to Carolina, to meet in session at the Capitol in the Cost about \$500 000. It will front on Madison Square and fill up the space between the 5th and tober next."

own opinions. Intemperate passions and an unset-

tled mind may palliate the vagaries of fanaticism;

National Republican Meeting.

Pursuant to a call made by a number of the citisens of Wilmington, a meeting was held at the Court House of said town to frame a course of pro-

On motion of John A. Taylor, Col. John McRae was called to the Chair, and Adrian H. Van Bokkeen and Joseph B. Russell appointed Secretaries. pay a proper mark of respect to the distinguished The Chairman addressed the meeting explanatory nominee of the National Democratic Party for the objects for which it was called together, and

> On motion of William E. Anderson, a committee Thomas W. Brown was appointed to report and frame resolutions for the action of the meeting.

> The committee reported through their chairman, Robert H. Cowan, the following preamble and reso-The age in which we live is sadly degenerate In the rapid progress of which we boast, we have wandered afar from the ancient landmarks of the wise framers of our con-

> stitution, and our Government is rapidly tending from the well regulated principles of republicanism to the wild, ungoverned, and ungovernable notions of a pure democracy.
>
> The history of the world teaches us that a "well regulated principles of the well reg

equeath to our children. Loving that liberty only which is sustained and regulated

and support.

We regard this inglorious end as having been consummated by the action of the last "Whig National Convention"—inasmuch as its nomination for President was made under the country and thro the positive protest of one portion of the country, and thro' the influence of a sectional party, whose aims can not be accomplished otherwise than by a sectional organization. Be-lieving this, we can not, and will not sustain the action of

Nor can we turn with any stronger ground for hope to the Democratic party. Equally corrupt with the Whig party, equally degraded from the first position of parties in the country, they are both of them engaged in a purely demagogueish race after the spoils of office.

But we believe that the mass of the people of both parties

are yet sound, conservative, and honest—uncorrupted by the influence of those mercenary, politicians who seek to dictate to, and control them; and we appeal to them, in behalf of those republican principles which they cherish, for the sake of our common country—to come forward now to cut them-selves loose from the lead of those irresponsible conventions which have so grossly misrepresented their wishes and their principles, and to join us in a movement for the establishment of a national Republican Party, and for the selection generously confided to me the important trust of of men who will truly and faithfully represent National Prinriples.

And to the end that we may manifest our true position

view, it is hereby

Resolved, 1st, That we will absolve ourselves from all po-

litical connection whatever, with the two parties which now exist in this country; and that we will seek to establish and maintain a party organization entirely separate and distinct from either of them.

Resolved, 2d, That as a beginning towards the accomplishment of this end, we will earnestly support for the Presidency, and Vice Presidency of the United States, any Mr. Mann replied, he had heard Gen. Pierce ticket which may be composed of National men, and that compelled by the infirm state of my health, to de- we will use every effort to have such ticket placed before the the ensuing campaign, we shall be governed entirely by a

consideration of their position in the recent struggle for the Constitution, and the Union, without any regard to the particular political party to which they may have hereto-

of North Carolina. And whereas, also, we believe that the root of all the evils of which we complain, is to be found among the corrupting influence of office-holders, and office seekers, all of which may be traced to that shameful sentiment, "to the victors belong the spoils," therefore, be it further Resolved, That, regarding honesty, fidelity and capabili-

been pleased to express the wishes of those for ty, as the only proper tests of qualification for office—we believe that all proscription for opinion's sake, (except in such offices as are immediately connected with the adminis-With the highest respect, I am gentlemen, your ment patronage for electioneering purposes, to the exclusion of that just reward which is due to honest merit. Resolved, further, That a Committee of Correspondence be appointed by the Chair, to ascertain the views of the dif-

and that said Committee be required to report to an adjourned meeting to be held in this place, on Friday night, the 1st October next.

ferent sections of our State, in connection with our object-

the propriety of forming a new party. A call for Thomas Loring, brought out that gen speaks in behalf of General Scott. Mr. Graham's tleman in a very pleasing address, in which he ably acceptance of a nomination on a ticket formed by defended the course of the meet ng; eulogizing Win-The Steamship Ohio has arrived at New York, the enemies of the administration of which he was field Scott as a General; deprecating the course is enough it was made, and is vouched by a Whig a member has not been considered very creditable pursued which led to his nomination over other opponent, who is himself vouched as worthy of credo him; but the character of his letter to the tried Statesmen, and giving sound reasons for not

has produced widespread dissatisfaction in the Whig adopted, as embracing the principles of the "Na-

tional Republican Party. In accordance with the 4th resolution, the Chair mercial has put the names of Webster and Graham appointed Robert G. Rankin, John A. Taylor, Wentat the head of its columns, and the letter of the worth W Pierce, Thomas W. Brown, Thomas Lo- but because I know such a fact to be in exact con-Whig candidate for the Vice Presidency was writ- ring, Alfred Martin, Owen L. Fillyaw, Edward J. ten to express his dissatisfaction with the proceed- Lutterloh, John S. Dunham, and Henry R. Perrining. That he had a right to do, and delicacy did the Committee of Correspondence, and, on motion, Resolved, That all the papers of the town and State be re-

preamble and resolutions.

The meeting then adjourned, until Friday, first JOHN McRAE, Chairman. A. H. VANBOKKELEN, Secretaries.

JOSEPH B. RUSSELL,

Hogs-Prices and Prospects of the Next Crop. The Cincinnati Price Current reports hogs in every region of Kentucky and Indiana as largely increasing

in numbers and of better quality, and adds: We hear but little from Illinois, Iowa and Missou ri; but, considering the scarcity of last season, it is if not to the present hour, many of Gen. Scott's more than probable there will be an increase rather friends insist upon the distinction made in the than a falling off, as we seldom have two seasons of

Throughout Ohio we learn that more young hogs

position has given dissatisfaction to the southern delivery of some 20,000 hogs, to be fattened in Indiof northern whig opinion as to the maintenance of son, at 4 a 41 cents, net We hear also of various there is a chapter not yet noticed by his friends, which morning, instructed the laborers to be there at halfporters, stood obstinately silent, while both of his porters, stood obstinately silent, while both of his head has been made, delivered here, at 43 cents. One ved in Mexico soon after the capture of vera cruz, comes in, and seeing min in the counting-nouse, looks rivals for the nomination spoke out. He knew that of our principal provision dealers and packers sold 100 and was detained with his command in the sickly or heen executed. Gen. Scott became the chosen Sewardite nominee. next crop, and to be delivered in June, 1853 at \$15 The peril to the health of his soldiery was imminent. These things being duly considered, Mr. Graham's per barrel, which is \$5 per barrel less than the pres- Yet by care, such as only kind men practice, by a ed to get out that cargo this morning."

sion; for it repeats the old story of Gen. Scott's joy | The above we believe to be an accurate and impar-

Letter from Gen. Pierce. The following letter in relation to the religious test

CONCORD, (N. H.,) July 16, 1852. My Dear Sir : It is impossible that a charge should guilty of concealing his opinions, and abandoning to my sentiments up the religious tests contained in his post in a time of great public danger. It would our State Constitution, which was adopted in 1792, purposes, his support from an administration assail-ed for agreeing with him. It would represent him the question, in any form, directly or collaterally. advocated the call of the convention for the amendaggrandizement, uniting with them in a war on his ment of the constitution, which assembled in November, 1850, and the most prominent object in my mind was to strike out the unjust and odious provisions, Come down kersplash,' but the criminality of Gen. Scott's conduct, if he is a commonly called the religious and property qualifica friend of the compromise, cannot be softened, for it tion tests from our fundamental law. In haste your obedient servant,

> (Signed) FRANK PIERCE.

A Letter from Hon. Henry A. Wise. The attention of our readers is invited to the following letter from this distinguished gentleman,
lowing letter from this distinguished gentleman,
relative to a conversation he held some time since
relative to a conversation he held some time since
relative to a conversation he held some time since
the propensity to calumny—the industry of vile pergether with his wife, evidently had intentions of ta-The attention of our readers is invited to the folceedings and nominate candidates for the Presiden- with Mr. Mapp, during a political discussion in Acon behalf of the citizens of this county, to tender you a public dinner at Wilmington, on Saturday, you a public dinner at Wilmington, on Saturday, to the the day of Sentember next. That conversation was reported in sons in propagating slanders upon our best public king steamboat for Albany, but arrived at the wharf a Maryland paper, and the readiness of the community to receive, just as the boat was taking its departure. The sim-On motion of William E. Anderson, a committee uncontradicted, and six bright of the main point of history is scrutinized from his birth—not to discov-rail of the vessel, with the seeming intention of jump-

> rial averment. ONLY, (NEAR ONANCOCK,) ACCOMAC COUNTY, VA., August 22, 1852.

To the Editors of the Union : Six: A gentleman from Maryland, who was prested pure democracy is a beautiful impossibility; "and hence we cannot countenance any movement, which has for its aims or its tendency the establishment of such a form of government in the stead of the wise and practical system which we have inherited from our fathers, and are bound to what else is elector for this district. From several quarters I July last, published a report of a dialogue which candidate of the Democratic party, with being a have been asked whether the report was correct, by law, we are determined to maintain a connection with no party which is not purely national in its position, and eminently conservative in its principles. It was these distinctive features in the Whig party which first commended it to our honest judgments. Abandoning that position, sacrificing those principles, it has forfeited all claims upon our favor and support.

> lic discussion that he regarded slavery as so grievous and was one of his fittest associates. Let me refer a sin, that an army ought to be marched upon the for a moment to what was said on this floor by the pressed in any other way ?"

heard it. I then asked him the question:

did you not hear him reply that if an army was something redeeming and consoling in the feelings raised to march upon the South to put down slavery everywhere manifested on that sad occasion. Whereby force, it would have to march over his dead body, ever the narrow house with its lamented tenant pass-

for slavery, but he was bound to regard the consti- had gone to his last home, full of days and of honcople of North Carolina in time for the coming election. for slavery, but he was bound to regard the consti-

hood to prove Gen. P's loathing of slavery. I was man in the whole country; but I think the Senate Resolved 4th, That Daniel Webster, of Mass., the first living statesman, is commended to us by the soundness of his principles and the nationality of his character, as our first being for the office the action of the office the action of the office the action of the office the office of the office the office of the office repelling the attack, when Mr. Mapp said his op- will recollect that his words, acknowledging my principles and the nationality of his character, as our first since I served with him in Congress, but he had modest man. It is said—I suppose by way of ad- McRae & Co.; with sack salt. ham, heard him speak on the subject of slavery within ministering a modicum of comfort to the distress- Steamer Rowan, McRae, from Favetteville, to E. J. Lut some few years back. He did not at first say what ed-that calumny does no injury, because, says sentiments he had heard him utter, when a gentle- the old moral saw, 'Truth is mighty and will preman requested me to put to him the questions which vail.' It may be so, if truth is industrious and per-I have mentioned. Mr. Mapp's answer was une | severing enough to work on forages. But it is a slow quivocally in the affirmative, that he had heard traveller. It has not improved its gait since the ear-Gen. Pierce publicly declare what I have stated- liest period; whilst falsehood, its great enemy, travthat an army raised to march upon the South "to els with the speed of the electric telegraph. Long put down slavery by force would have to march after the generation of those who were the victims, to E. J. Lutterloh tration of the Government) is contrary to the genius of our over his (Gen. P.'s) dead body, for he would head or its abettors, shall have gone down to the tomb, institutions—its tendency being the extension of governanother to oppose it." Mr. Mapp did not say this truth may be able to halt slowly along and do the was said in reply to Mr. Hale, nor to whom i. was work of justice. It is a poor compensation, howevsaid in reply; but I exclaimed, as soon as he had er, to those whose character is redeemed too late. borne this ample testimony-

" Such is the language Gen. P. holds to the John P. Hales ard other abolition minions in New Hamp- at the head of one of the Departments, but chire, on the very soil of a free State; and yet here who has been dead for some years. He said he had Mr. Cowan addressed the meeting in a very able is a Whig sub-elector who can bear such testimony made it a rule never to contradict any aspersion on manner, in support of the preamble and resolutions, of Gen. P.'s truth to our institutions, assails him in his character; but that on one occasion so outrage-We publish below a letter, written by the Whig explanatory of his course in not supporting either Virginia, without himself first disclosing the facts ous an attack had been made upon him, that his he knows to the contrary, upon the testimony of such friends told him that it was quite necessary he should Harriss. nomination of the late Baltimore Conventions, and

a witness as this man Foss." Thus, I suppose, the error got into the report that own signature. He did so, and in four or five days Harriss. the remark of General P. was made in reply to Mr. it was proved upon him, by convenient testimony, be-Hale. No matter to whom it was made in reply. it | youd the hope of relief. So much for the prevalence it by the entire Whig party of the State. Mr. Mapp is not only a Whig sub-elector, but is a Whig mem-The preamble and resolutions were unanimously ber of the Virginia House of Delegates from Accomac. I believe he heard Gen. P. make the declaration which he states, not only because I know Mr. Mapp to be respectable and reliable for a fact like this, which he stated reluctantly against his party, sonance with the character of Gen. P., and with his course in the Congress of the United States. It is, therefore, a non-sequitur for Hale to say in his card of contradiction, which I have just seen, that because he (Hale) made no such remark, as was erroneousquested to publish the proceedings of this meeting, with the ly, perhaps, attributed to him in the report of the statement of Mr. Mapp, "he (General Pierce) nev-er made any such reply." Mr. Mapp did not say it was made in reply to him; and if it never was made in reply to him, that does not prove it never was made in reply to some one else. Of that Mr. Mapp must speak. My purpose was to obtain his testimony as to what Gen. Pierce was heard by him to declare publicly in New Hampshire, and that purpose was fully accomplished both here and at Eastville. I have been thus particular in order to correct the general statement which I have made, that the report of the dialogue between Mr. Mapp and myself at Accomac court-house was substantially accurate.

Substantially it was correct as to every thing relating to General Pierce. In haste, yours respectfully, HENRY A. WISE.

TRUTH-READ IT .- The Cleveland True Democrat, the ostracism of Mr. Webster and Mr. Fillmore. crease of one-third is anticipated The high price of the Free-soil organ of Ohio edited by John C. Vaughn, er the other day, in a sermon to young men) that He knew that Gen. Scott's name had been used by pork has caused the farmers throughout the West to formerly a leading whig, speaking of the military was commencing life as a clerk. One day his emthe whig abolitionists, to make war on the fugitive bestow as much care and attention upon their pigs as qualifications of Generals Scott and Pierce, speaks as ployer said to him, "Now to-morrow that cargo of

though claiming to be no soldier in the sense in which interested—the only one with regard to which his We hear of contracts by the packers for the future the word is applied to Scott, behaved well in the Mexisteady and earnest watchfulness over the habits and comforts of his soldiers, he saved them from sickness. is the account of it." at the passage of the compromise, while all mention tial statement of the present condition of the forthcom- Better far such conduct than common bravery on the of the real objection to him is studiously avoided. - ing "hog crop," and we leave the reader to draw his battle field. Nobler by all odds, is the spirt that guards never! His character was fixed, confidence was es-If candidates for the presidency or the vice presiden- own conclusions in regard to the prospect of the next life at the hazard of life, than the fell purpose life to tablished. He was found to be the man to do the take life. And this praise is due General Pierce.

the 31st ult., that John C. McRae, Esq., of Wilming- to the firm as any of the partners. in New Hampshire was written to John E. Warren, ton, N C., has been appointed Chief Engineer of the at once enter upon his duties. "Mr. McRae." says leave his children an ample fortune. the Telegraph, "is a man of great energy, an accomembrace a more direct attack upon truth than that plished and experienced Engineer, and we congratu- teeth, but just the contrary.—London Youth's Inwith which the whig papers have teemed, in relation late the friends of this improvement upon the ap. structor. pointment of a gentleman in every respect so capable and worthy."

A DISTINCTION .- "I say, Pomp, wot de 'stinction 'Tumble ober mill-dam, Come down slam,'

dat's plank verse" A Good Reference .- Do you know Mr. asked one friend of another, referring to an old gen-

From the Richmond Enquirer. In a recent speech in the Senate, Gen. Cass indul-

manifested most clearly a wish to break the force ring all our political contests No man can be nomof the conversation by additions and explanations inated for a high office, and especially for the high-discovered his wife standing on the dock. and corrections to unimportant particulars. But, af- est office, but the vials of calumny must be poured The scene here became rather amusing. The unter all, the substance of the conversation remained out upon him, without the slightest reference to his happy man yelled loud and long-first, to the capuncontradicted; and Mr. Mapp's letter was a virtu- life, his previous services, or true character. His tain, then to his wife, and, finally, got up on the a report which it was written to discredit. If fur er his good qualities and his claims to public considing ashore again. "Go it lemons," cried a dozen ther evidence be needed, it will be found in Mr. eration, but to find some subject for attack or mis-Wise's lucid statement of the circumstances, which representation. He is, without the slightest scru- ten rod leap, and he soon disappeared among the corrects the Maryland report in some unimportant ple, and without the remotest justification, charged particulars, but sustains and confirms its only mate- with crimes that in England would send him to Botany Bay, and in France the galleys; and which, in in sometimes by getting in a burry. How many every country in the world, should consign him to good purposes have been defeated, hopes blasted, and perpetual infamy. And that we are not improving even fortunes wasted, by being too fast in the is evident from what is passing around us. We are wrong. at the commencement of a Presidential campaign, ent at a meeting at the court house of this county in and we begin with charging General Pierce, the very poor, who was deprived of a large estate in con-

to be the meaning of the enquiry: Was it true that subject, because I have had some experience, and I the inkstand. Tears blinded the fortunate donee's a whig, in public discussion, bore testimony to the believe that in the whole catalogue of human enorfact that he himself had heard General Pierce de- mities, you can scarcely find a single crime that was ed a small bottle from the mantel piece and dipping clare in New Hampshire, in public discussion, among not charged to me in 1848, except, perhaps, the the pen, the testator wrote his name. lay back and a non-slaveholding people, that if an army was rais- murder of my wife and children, and if providence died. That will was put back in the chest and ed in the North to march upon the South for the in his wrath, had taken them from me, I verily be- the old man was buried; but when they came to purpose of putting down slavery by force, it would lieve that I should have been charged with their open the will, they found it had no signature. Alas have to march over his dead body, for he would head murder, and I have just as little doubt that a large the truth was plain-in his haste for the ink, he had another to oppose it ? I answered to that point of portion of the Whig party would have believed the got the wrong bottle, and the will was signed with inquiry alone, when I replied that Mr. Mapp so de- story. Sir, I bore it well, I think, quite philosophi- paregoric. So the heirs got the money after all. clared at a meeting in Northampton, at Eastville, cally, but no man can bear such charges with perthe second Monday of this month, in a discussion fect indifference. Why, if Zeno the founder of the which then took place between Mr. Botts and my- Stoics were here, it would try his patience to be against Mr. Polk's Administration about "Fifty-four self. The report in the particulars respecting Mr. subjected to such aspersions. 1 think if I had gone forty or fight." Mr. Fillmore has now got into a Hale was not so correct. My question to Mr. Mapp through some portions of this country in that year, difficulty with the British about the fisheries, and the many a good whig would have peeped out from some | democrats can now say to the whigs-" fish or fight." "Were you not in New Hampshire some few years safe covert seeking to discover my horns and hoofs, Mr. Fillmore says fish. ago," (not two years) "and did you not hear some firm in the conviction that if I were not the archabolition partisan of Hale, perhaps, declare in pub- fiend himself, I stood pretty high in his conclave,-South to suppress it by force if it could not be sup- lamented statesman of Kentucky, (not the statesman of Kentucky merely, but of our country ;-he Mr. Mapp replied that he was there, and had whose mortal remains I recently followed to their heard such a declaration in public discussion. But last sad resting place; and here I will say, and I do not think he named the person from whom he say it with pride, that during the whole of that mournful procession, which began at Washington "Was not Gen. Pierce present at the time, and and ended at the tomb in Lexington, there was ed, the voice of party was hushed, and the only Mr. Mapp replied, he had heard Gen. Pierce so strife seemed to be who should render the most honreply; adding that he (Gen. P.) had no sympathy or to the memory of a patriot and statesman who

"Well, sir, in this very hall, that revered Senator Mr. Mapp had been using the New Boston false- claimed on one occasion to have been the best abused was struck with a remark once made upon this subject by a distinguished man. formerly redeem himself by public'y contradicting it over his of truth.

AMERICAN SUPERIORITY ADMITTED. It has been a hard task for the English to concede the superior- Charleston, with 98 passengers. ity of American over British steam ships, of which they had reason to be proud, yet, though long delayed, here it is. The London Times of the 9th in-

stant, has the following : "The truth must be told-the British steam ships have been beaten, and the most rapid passages ever achieved between the old and new world have been accomplished by the American steamships. None but an American steam ship has ever yet run from Miles Costin. Liverpool to New York, and vice versa, n less than ten days. The average passages of the Asia and Africa may, perhaps nearly equal those of the Pacific, Baltic and Arctic of the Collins' line, but the Americans have achieved the positive victory, in speed, the Pacific, Baltic and Arctic-have made the fleetest voyages. On the part of the Americans the contest has been carried on at a vast cost, and additional grants from Congress, ostensibly for the mail tional grants from Congress, ostensibly for the mail coming to market, but not much change in prices Colservice, but in reality from the national spirit of risells at 9½ to 10c. Corn 75 to 80c. Flour 4 25 to \$4 65. valry, have only recently been obtained to prevent the project from perishing by reason of an enormous inequality between receipts and expenditures. On the part of the British, while heavy amounts have been paid by the Exchequer, and a large profit has been made by the contractors, the Messrs. Cunard, the defeat has been accepted only to renew the attempt in the hope and expectation of future and eventual success.

The Prompt Clerk.

I once knew a young man (said an eminent preach-"So, on the other hand, General Franklin Pierce, have a regular account of it."

He was a young man of energy. This was the

"I thought," said the master, "you were request-"It is all done," said the young man, "and here

He never looked behind him from that moment-

He was a religious man and went through a life Brunswick and Florida Rail Road, and that he will of great benevolence, and at his death was able to He was not smoke to the eyes, nor vinegar to the

A Novelty .- A raft 560 feet long and 60 wide

containing 60,156 cubic feet of timber, valued at \$17, in Tallow at 88s. 000, came through the Dismal Swamp Canal on Thurs-'tween poetry and wot dey call plank verse?" "Why, I tell ye, Nebuckenezzer! when I say—

day, on its way to New York by the inland route. It was taken in tow by the steamer Jewess in the even was taken in tow by the steamer Jewess in the evening and towed up the bay as far as the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal. The raft was constructed in Pamlico Sound, in North Carolina, and the timber cut from the bordering yellow pine forest. One of the pieces was 83 feet long by 32 inches square and contained 591 cubic feet. Its to large through the Diemal sained 591 cubic feet. Its to lage through the Dismal sale by Swamp Canal we learn, smounted to \$450. E. H. Herbert, Esq, of Princess Anne, the Argus states, is at the head of the enterprise.—Norfolk Herald.

A Democrat who has just returned to N. Orleans "What kind of a man is he?"

"Why, in the morning, when he gets up, he is a barrel of beer."

"Why, in the evening, when he goes to bed, he is a barrel of beer."

"What kind of a man is he?"

I ONDON SOHO SAUCE.—A superior article for Game, bably, offers to bet \$100 that Gen. Pierce will be elected, and \$100 on each of the 31 States—making Lime Juice; Lemon Syrup, &c., at L. N. BARLOW'S, and L. N. BARLO

Don't Get in a Hurry.

A gentleman was separated, yesterday, from his in scanning the space over which he had leaped

crowd of passengers.

What sad predicaments people do place themselves

I have heard a pathetic tale of a gentleman, now ic elector for this district. From several quarters I becile and a dishonorable man. And, sir, these charmade a will, giving all his money to this individual, ges are repeated gravely, and believed firmly over a which only wanted his signature. His sands of life were running low, and calling his friend, he bade "I speak, perhaps, with the more warmth on this him take the will from the drawer, and bring him

A few years ago, the whigs had much to say

OUTRAGEOUS CRUELTY AND SPEEDY RETRIBUTION .-The Memphis Enquirer states that a few days ago a man named Matthew Rayner, who resides in the vicinity of Raleigh, in that county, had one of his negroe men to run away. He apprehended him in Memphis and took him home. The next day he commenced his cruel and fiend-like punishment, and after inflicting upon him hundreds of lashes, concluded by cuttng off both of the slave's ears close to his head. The sheking facts spread through the neighborhood, and news was some way conveyed to Rayner that a warrant had been issued for his apprehension. Upon hearing this he immediately left the country, and arrived at the residence of a Mr Beard, in Timpton county, where he died the next day.

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, NORTH-CAROLINA. ARRIVED.

Sept. 2-Steamer Brothers, Banks, from White Hall, to John Banks; with two boats in tow. Steamer Evergreen, ----, from Fayetteville, to A. D. Cazaux. AT MAIN BAR-Br. Barque South Esk, Softley, from

Newport, to J. & D. McRae & Co., with iron for W. & M Sept. 3-Schr. Mary Abigail, Charlotte, from Shallotte, to Chadbourn & Hooper; with haval stores. Steamer Fanny Lutterlob, Steadman, from Fayetteville. Sept. 4 .- U. S. Mail Steamer C. Vanderbilt, Serett, from Charleston, with 48 passengers.

Steamer Gov. Graham, flurt, from Favetteville, to T. C. Worth; with one boat in tow. Sept. 5th .- U. S. Mail Steamer Wilmington, Smith, for harleston, with 51 passengers. Steamer Henrietta, Watson, from Fayetteville, to A. D. Cazaux.
6-U. S. Mail Steamer Gov. Dudley, Bates, from Charleston, with 48 passengers.

Sept. 3- Steamer Douglass, Banks, for Fayetteville, by ohn Banks; with two bonts in tow. Schr. Henry Lea, Errickson, for Philadelphia, by George Schr. Geo. Harriss, Godfrey, for Philadelphia, by George Steamer Chatham, Evans, for Fayetteville, by T. C. Worth; with boat Telegraph in tow.
Steamer Rowan, McRae, for Fayetteville, by E. J. Lut-

Steamer Gov. Graham, Hurt, for Fayetteville, by T. C. Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Steadman, for Fayetteville, by E. J. Lutterloh Mary Abigail, Charlotte, for Shallotte, by Chadbourn & Hooper. Schr. Elouise, Conklin, for New York, by Miles Costin;

with naval stores Schr. Iowa, Harriss, for Hyde county, by Miles Costin. Schr. C. Catherine, Hamilton, for Washington, N. C., by Sept. 5th .- U S. Mail Steamer C. Vanderbilt, Sterett for Charleston, with 92 passengers. 6-U. S. Mail Steamer Wilmington, Smith, for Charles ton, with 120 passengers Steamer Southerner, Wilkinson, for Fayetteville, by A Steamer Brothers, Banks, for White Hall, by Jno. Banks;

with two boats in tow FAYETTEVILLE, Sept. 2 .- A fair supply of produce CHARLESTON, Sept. 4th.—Cotton.—The sales yester-day comprised 212 bales. The market was firm and prices

BALTIMORE, Sept. 4.—Flour—Prices have given way, in consequence of the late unfavorable news from Europe.—Sales yesterday of 1,000 bbls. at \$4, on time. Corn—62 a 63 cents per bushel for white, and 67 a 68 cents for yellow. Oats 33 a 35c. per bushel. Rio Coffee 84 a 94 cts. per lb. Provisions-The transactions in Provisions are moderate but the market is firm. Sales of 300 bbls. Mess Pork at \$19 37; Prime \$17 50 per bbl. Mess Beef \$16. Bacon steady sales of shoulders at 94 a 94c.; sides 104c.; and hams 11 a 13 cents per lb. Lard is firm—sales at 114 a 114, and 124c. per 1b. Cheese 7 a Sic. Butter 12 a 16c. per 1b. Guano-The market is well supplied, and Guano in good

demand. Peruvian, from 1 to 10 tons, \$42 a 43; Patagonia was commencing life as a cierk. One may his complete that cargo of ployer said to him, "Now to-morrow that cargo of cotton must be got out and weighed, and we must sales North Carolina at 5½c. per lb.

Whiskey 24½ in hhds., 25½ in bbls., and some small sales

at 26 cents per gallon.

Naval Stores—Spirits Turpentine 43 a 45c.; Tar \$2; Common Rosin \$1 35; No. 2, 1 75 a \$2 25; Pitch \$1 50 per bbl. NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Naval. Stores—We note further sales of 1500 bbls. North County Turpentine, mostly from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½, 60 and 90 from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½, 60 and 90 from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½, 60 and 90 from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½, 60 and 90 from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½, 60 and 90 from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½, 60 and 90 from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½, 60 and 90 from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½, 60 and 90 from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½, 60 and 90 from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½, 60 and 90 from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½, 60 and 90 from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½, 60 and 90 from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½, 60 and 90 from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½, 60 and 90 from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½, 60 and 90 from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½, 60 and 90 from the wharf, 42½ a 43 cents, cash; and 43½ a 43 cents, cash; and a 43 of northern whig opinion as to the maintenance of the compromise measures, including the fugitive law, Gen. Scott, at the bidding of his abolition suplementary stood obstinately silent while both of his bead has been made delivered here at 41 cents. One porters, stood obstinately silent, while both of his head has been made, delivered here, at 43 cents One ved in Mexico soon after the capture of Vera Cruz, comes in, and seeing him in the counting-house, looks bbls. Spirits Turpentine has arrived freely, but the demand

> commands \$2 50 .- Shipping and Commercial List. LIVERPOOL. Aug. 21.-A large business was doing in LIVERPOOL. Aug. 21.—A large business was doing in cotton up to Wednesday, at advancing rates, when the Arctic's news had a depressing effect. The market, however, closed firmly on Friday, at id. advance. Middling and ordinary qualities had improved most. The quotations are—Fair Orleans, 6id.; middling, 5id.; Mobile and Upland Fair, 6d.; middling, 5id.; ordinary Mobile, 4 a 5id. The sales of the week have been 91 750 bales of which crossular tablished. He was found to be the man to do the thing with promptness. He very soon came to be the week have been 91,750 bales, of which speculators took 36,750, bales, and exporters 11,000 bales. The stock at Liverpool is 640,000 bales, of which 503,000 are American. The sales on Friday were 8,000 bales, of which speculators took 2,000 bales.

The weather during the week has been favorable for the crops, and Breadstuffs are dull and declining. Flour has declined 6d. a Is. Wheat has declined 1 a 2d. Sales of yellow Corn at 29s. 6d.; mixed 29s.; white 28s. 6d. Western Canal Philadelphia, and Baltimore Flour 21s. 3d.; Ohio 22s.; Provisions.-Mess Beef 85 a 103s.; new 107 a 129s.

Sales of Rice at 19s. 6d. Sugars quiet. Naval Stores.—Sales of 2,000 bbls. Turpentine at 8 a 9s.; and Spirits 37s. Tar 11s. A large business has been do Sales of 2,200 bbls. rosin at 3s. 2d. for common, and 12s.

TOBACCO.—25 boxes, good and cheap, received from Miltun, and for sale at Baltimore prices by July 30. M. McINNIS.

C. MYERS, Hatter. DICKLES! PICKLES!!-Fresh Pickled Cucumbers, just received, and for sale by the hundred or dozen, at S2 L. N. BARLOW'S, Granite Row, Front St.

Commercial copy.

s3, [Com. copy] L. N. BARLOW'S,